## Requirements in the European Union

| Who needs to report?   | What needs to be reported?   | By when?  | By whom?   |
|--|--|---|--|
|  | otection Regulation (GDPR) (Articles 33 and 34 of Regulation (EU) 2016/6   | 679)  |  |
| Data controllers   | Personal data breaches unless unlikely to result in a <b>risk</b> to the rights and freedoms of individuals  | Within 72 hours of becoming aware   | Relevant data protection supervisory authority   |
|  | Personal data breaches that are likely to result in a <b>high risk</b> to the rights and   | Without undue delay   | Data subjects  |
| Europour Floatus   | freedoms of individuals  | /1072)  | (with limited exceptions)  |
| European Electronic Communications Code (EECC) (Articles 40–41 of Directive (EU) 2018/1972)  Providers of Security incidents that have had a significant impact on the operation of Without undue delay National competent authority |  |   |  |
| public electronic<br>communications<br>networks and<br>services  | networks or services   | _   |  |
|  | If there is a <b>particular and significant threat</b> of a security incident  |   | Users potentially affected by such a threat  |
|  | rticle 23 of Directive (EU) 2022/2555)   |   |  |
| Essential and important entities   | Any incidents that have a significant impact on the provision of services  An early warning notification of the incident   | Without undue delay  Without undue delay and in   | Computer Security Incident Response Team (CSIRT) or, where applicable, the relevant competent authority  |
|  | Arreary warning notification of the incident   | any event within 24 hours of becoming aware   |  |
|  | An incident notification updating the information referred to in the early warning   | Without undue delay and in any event within 72 hours of becoming aware  |  |
|  | Upon the request of a CSIRT or the competent authority, an <b>intermediate</b> report on relevant status updates   | On request  |  |
|  | A final report   | Not later than one month after the submission of the incident notification above  |  |
|  | If the incident is ongoing at the time of the submission of the final report above, a <b>progress report</b> at that time and a final report   | Within one month of the handling of the incident  |  |
| Essential and important entities   | Significant incidents likely to adversely affect provision of those services (where appropriate) and in the event of any significant cyber threat, potential response measures and, where appropriate, the nature of the threat  | Without undue delay   | Recipients of services   |
| Cyber Resilience   | <b>Act (CRA)</b> (Articles 13, 14 and 24 of Regulation 2024/2847)  |   |  |
| Manufacturers of products with digital elements  | From 11 September 2026  Any actively exploited vulnerabilities in the product with digital elements  | Without undue delay and in any event within 24 hours  | To the CSIRT designated as coordinator and to the European Union Agency for Cybersecurity (ENISA) via the single reporting platform established under Article 16 |
|  | An early warning notification of an actively exploited vulnerability  A vulnerability notification (unless information already provided)   | Without undue delay and in any event within 72 hours of   |  |
|  | A <b>final report</b> (unless information already provided)  | No later than 14 days after a corrective or mitigating measure  |  |
|  | Even 11 Contember 2024   | is available  | The COIDT and ENICAvia   |
|  | From 11 September 2026  Any severe incident having an impact on the security of the product with digital elements  An early warning notification of a severe incident  | Without undue delay and in any event within 24 hours  | The CSIRT and ENISA via the single reporting platform established under Article 16   |
|  | An <b>incident notification</b> (unless information already provided)  | Without undue delay and in any event within 72 hours of becoming aware  |  |
|  | A <b>final report</b> (unless information already provided)  | Within one month after the submission of the incident notification above  |  |
|  | An <b>intermediate report</b>  | On request  |  |
|  | From 11 December 2027  The existence of a vulnerability in a component   | On identification   | The person or entity manufacturing or maintaining  |
|  | From 11 December 2027  An exploited vulnerability or severe incident having an impact on the security  | After becoming aware  | Impacted users and, where appropriate, all users   |
| Open-source<br>software stewards<br>– from 11<br>September 2026  | of the product with digital elements  Any actively exploited vulnerability contained in the product with digital elements to the extent the open-source software steward is involved in its development, and any severe incident having an impact on the security of the product with digital elements to the extent that severe incidents having an impact on products with digital elements affect network and network information systems provided by the open-source software stewards for the | On becoming aware   | The CSIRT and ENISA  |
|  | An exploited vulnerability or severe incident having an impact on the security of the product with digital elements to the extent that severe incidents having an impact on products with digital elements affect network and network information systems provided by the open-source software stewards for the  | After becoming aware  | Impacted users and, where appropriate, all users   |
| (Articles 19 of Reg  | development of such products  nal Resilience Act (DORA)  julation (EU) 2025/301, supplementing Articles 17-19 of Regulation (EU) 20 elegated Regulation (EU) 2025/301  | )<br>22/2554). Requirements as to ti  | ming are contained in Article 5  |
| Financial entities   | Major ICT-related incidents  | As early as possible and within four hours from the moment of classification of the incident as major, but no later than 24 hours from the moment of becoming aware | The relevant competent financial supervisory authority   |
|  | An <b>intermediate report</b> after the initial notification, as soon as the status of the original incident has changed significantly or the handling of the major ICT-related incident has changed based on new information available  Followed, as appropriate, by <b>updated notifications</b> every time a relevant status update is available, as well as upon a specific request of the competent authority   | Intermediate reports within 72 hours from the submission of the initial notification, even where the status or the handling of the incident have not changed        |  |
|  | An <b>updated intermediate report</b> , in any case when regular activities have been recovered  | Without undue delay   |  |
|  | A <b>final report</b> when the root cause analysis has been completed, regardless of whether mitigation measures have already been implemented, and when the actual impact figures are available to replace estimates  | No later than one month from the submission of the intermediate report or the last updated intermediate report  |  |
|  | Major ICT-related incident having an impact on the financial interests of clients/significant cyber threat   |   | Clients/potentially affected clients   |
| Critical Entities Resilience Directive (CER) (Article 15 of Directive 2022/2557)   |  |   |  |
| Critical entities  | Incidents that significantly disrupt or have potential to significantly disrupt the provision of essential services  | Without undue delay   | Competent authority  |
|  | An initial notification (unless operationally unable to do so)   | Within 24 hours of becoming aware   |  |
|  |  | 2000ming aware  |  |

Within one month

A **detailed report** (where relevant)