

NIS2 Directive: New IT Security Requirements on an EU level

With the so-called **NIS2 Directive**, the EU has updated its IT security requirements. Compared to the former NIS("1") Directive, the NIS2 Directive contains far more specific **IT security requirements** and the **scope** of covered entities has been **widened** to a significant extent. Therefore, companies should thoroughly check whether they are subject to the NIS2 Directive and what measures they must implement. Key elements of the NIS2 Directive are:

- 1 Comprehensive regulation of IT security obligations on an EU level** shall lead to greater harmonization across the European Union and improved IT security
- 2 A wide coverage of economic sectors** shall ensure extensive IT security in critical areas of society in the face of current risks
- 3 Affected industries** subject to the NIS2 Directive are:
 - **Energy** (electricity, district heating and cooling, oil, gas and hydrogen), e.g. electricity suppliers, electricity producers or transmission and distribution system operators
 - **Transport** (air, rail, water, road)
 - **Banking and financial market infrastructures**
 - **Health** (e.g. hospitals, laboratories, research facilities, manufacturers of pharmaceutical products)
 - **Drinking and waste water**
 - **Digital infrastructure:**
 - Cloud computing
 - Data centres
 - Trust service providers
 - Internet infrastructure (IXP, DNS, TLD, CDN)
 - Telecommunication and internet service providers
 - Managed service and managed security service provider (even if these services are just provided as a 'shared service' within corporate groups)
 - **Public administration**
 - **Space**
 - **Postal and courier services**
 - **Waste management**
 - **Manufacture, production and distribution of chemicals**
 - **Industrial production, processing and wholesale distribution of food**
 - **Manufacturing:**
 - Medical devices and in vitro diagnostic medical devices
 - Computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment
 - Machinery and equipment
 - Motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers
 - Other transport equipment
 - **Digital services** (online marketplaces, online search engines, social networking services platforms)
 - **Research organisations**
- 4 Size-thresholds:** In general, entities that engage in the afore-mentioned sectors are only subject to the NIS2 Directive either
 - if they employ at least 50 persons (FTE) or
 - if both their annual turnover and annual balance sheet exceed 10 Mio. EUR.
 - **Exception for negligible activities:** An activity that is insignificant compared to the entity's overall business activities may be disregarded under certain conditions.
 - **Attribution within corporate groups:** The thresholds generally apply to corporate groups as a whole, not just to individual subsidiaries.

5 Registration obligation: Submit your registration at the competent supervisory authority within three months after becoming subject to the NIS2 Directive

6 Representative: If your company has no establishment within the EU and provides certain digital and IT services in the EU, you may be obliged to designate a representative in one EU Member State where you offer these services. Your company shall then fall under the jurisdiction of the Member State where that representative is established.

7 The requirement to implement comprehensive cybersecurity risk-management measures includes taking appropriate and proportionate technical, operational and organizational measures with respect to:

- Risk analysis and information security concepts (including development of evaluation processes for effectivity of the risk management measures implemented)
- Supply chain security
- Incident handling
- Business continuity (including backup management)
- Processes for cyber hygiene and trainings for IT security
- Security measures for the acquisition, development and maintenance of network and information systems
- HR security (including access control and facility management)
- Encryption strategies
- Crisis management
- Use of multi-factor or continuous authentication solutions, secure voice, video and text communication channels as well as secure emergency communication systems

8 Stricter incident notification requirements: Submit to the competent authority

- an early warning of a security incident within 24 hours
- a notification within 72 hours, including an initial assessment
- a final report within one month after the notification

9 Potential information obligations towards contractual partners and users with respect to:

- significant cyber threats (including potential protective or remedial measures to be taken)
- significant security incidents (authorities may additionally disclose an incident in case of public interest)

10 Liability of the management bodies and specific obligations:

- Liability of an entity's management bodies (also towards the entity) for the compliant implementation of cybersecurity risk-management measures, including selection and monitoring of supervising personnel
- Obligation to receive IT security trainings on a regular basis

11 Executive powers of supervisory authorities include amongst other rights regarding:

- Audits and inspections
- Information requests
- Designation of a monitoring officer
- Temporary suspension of certifications or authorisations concerning a part or all of the services provided by an entity that fall under the NIS2 Directive
- Request of a temporary prohibition for persons responsible for discharging managerial responsibilities at chief executive officer level in an entity to exercise managerial functions in that entity

12 Fines: up to 10 Mio. EUR (in Germany: up to 20 Mio. EUR) or 2 % of total annual turnover, whichever is higher

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